PCI REQUIREMENT	PHOENIXNAP RESPONSIBILITY	CUSTOMER RESPONSIBILITY	COMMENTS	Definitions* Responsible = The entity must perform an
1.1 Processes and mechanisms for installing and maintaining network security co	ontrols are defined and i	ınderstood.		action to meet the
1.1.1 All security policies and operational procedures that are identified in Requirement 1 are: - Documented. - Kept up to date. - In use. - Known to all affected parties.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.	requirement. (Actions are not shared) Not Responsible = The entity does not have to take any action to meet the requirement. (The
1.1.2 Roles and responsibilities for performing activities in Requirement 1 are documented, assigned, and understood.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.	other entity would then be responsible for meeting the requirement.) Shared Responsibility = Efforts are shared to
1.2 Network security controls (NSCs) are configured and maintained.				meet the requirement.
 1.2.1 Configuration standards for NSC rulesets are: Defined. Implemented. Maintained. 	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.	Comments - Include information for how the customer must meet compliance or what they are specifically
1.2.2 All changes to network connections and to configurations of NSCs are approved and managed in accordance with the change control process defined at Requirement 6.5.1.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.	responsible for.
1.2.3 An accurate network diagram(s) is maintained that shows all connections between the CDE and other networks, including any wireless networks.	Not Applicable	Responsible	phoenixNAP does not have a CDE. Customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.	
1.2.4 An accurate data-flow diagram(s) is maintained that meets the following: Shows all account data flows across systems and networks. Updated as needed upon changes to the environment.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.	
1.2.5 All services, protocols, and ports allowed are identified, approved, and have a defined business need.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.	

	- "	- "	1
1.2.6 Security features are defined and implemented for all services, protocols, and ports that are in	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend
use and considered to be insecure, such that the risk is mitigated.			(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual
			Machine's and applications); customer
			is responsible for ORG, backups, own
			VMs, & networks.
1.2.7 Configurations of NSCs are reviewed at least once every six months to confirm they are	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend
relevant and effective.	Responsible	Responsible	(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual
relevante una entective.			Machine's and applications); customer
			is responsible for ORG, backups, own
			VMs, & networks.
			VIVIS, & NELWOIKS.
1.2.8 Configuration files for NSCs are:	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend
- Secured from unauthorized access.			(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual
- Kept consistent with active network configurations.			Machine's and applications); customer
			is responsible for ORG, backups, own
			VMs, & networks.
1.3 Network access to and from the cardholder data environment is restricted.			
1.3.1 Inbound traffic to the CDE is restricted as follows:	Not Applicable	Responsible	phoenixNAP does not have a CDE.
- To only traffic that is necessary.			Customer is responsible for ORG,
- All other traffic is specifically denied.			backups, own VMs, & networks.
1.3.2 Outbound traffic from the CDE is restricted as follows:	Not Applicable	Responsible	phoenixNAP does not have a CDE.
- To only traffic that is necessary.			Customer is responsible for ORG,
- All other traffic is specifically denied.			backups, own VMs, & networks.
1.3.3 NSCs are installed between all wireless networks and the CDE, regardless of whether the	Not Applicable	Responsible	phoenixNAP does not have a CDE.
wireless network is a CDE, such that:			Customer is responsible for ORG,
- All wireless traffic from wireless networks into the CDE is denied by default.			backups, own VMs, & networks.
- Only wireless traffic with an authorized business purpose is allowed into the CDE.			
1.4 Network connections between trusted and untrusted networks are controlled		T	
1.4.1 NSCs are implemented between trusted and untrusted networks.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend
			(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual
			Machine's and applications); customer
			is responsible for ORG, backups, own
			VMs, & networks.
1.4.2 Inbound traffic from untrusted networks to trusted networks is restricted to:	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend
			I.
			I, e i
			1
- All other traffic is denied.			
			, 2
Communications with system components that are authorized to provide publicly accessible ervices, protocols, and ports. Stateful responses to communications initiated by system components in a trusted network.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.

1.4.3 Anti-spoofing measures are implemented to detect and block forged source IP addresses from	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend
entering the trusted network.			(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual
			Machine's and applications); customer
			is responsible for ORG, backups, own
			VMs, & networks.
1.4.4 System components that store cardholder data are not directly accessible from untrusted	Shared Responsibility	Shared Responsibility	phoenixNAP does not have cardholder
networks.		. ,	data. phoenixNAP is responsible for
			tenant separation; customer is
			responsible for ORG, backups, own
			VMs, & networks.
1.4.5 The disclosure of internal IP addresses and routing information is limited to only authorized	Shared Responsibility	Shared Responsibility	phoenixNAP does not have cardholder
parties.			data. phoenixNAP is responsible for
			tenant separation; customer is
			responsible for ORG, backups, own
			VMs, & networks.
1.5 Risks to the CDE from computing devices that are able to connect to both un			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
1.5.1 Security controls are implemented on any computing devices, including company- and	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP does not have a CDE.
employee-owned devices, that connect to both untrusted networks (including the Internet) and the			phoenixNAP is responsible for backend
CDE as follows:			(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual
- Specific configuration settings are defined to prevent threats being introduced into the entity's			Machine's and applications); customer
network Security controls are actively running.			is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
- Security controls are actively running. - Security controls are not alterable by users of the computing devices unless specifically			VIVIS, & HELWOIKS.
documented and authorized by management on a case-by-case basis for a limited period.			
documented and authorized by management on a case-by-case basis for a limited period.			
2.1 Processes and mechanisms for applying secure configurations to all system co	omponents are defined ar	nd understood.	
2.1.1 All security policies and operational procedures that are identified in Requirement 2 are:	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend
- Documented.			(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual
- Kept up to date.			Machine's and applications); customer
- In use.			is responsible for ORG, backups, own
- Known to all affected parties.			VMs, & networks.
2.1.2 Roles and responsibilities for performing activities in Requirement 2 are documented,	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend
assigned, and understood.			(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual
			Machine's and applications); customer
			is responsible for ORG, backups, own
			VMs, & networks.
			,
2.2 System components are configured and managed securely.			

 2.2.1 Configuration standards are developed, implemented, and maintained to: Cover all system components. Address all known security vulnerabilities. Be consistent with industry-accepted system hardening standards or vendor hardening recommendations. Be updated as new vulnerability issues are identified, as defined in Requirement 6.3.1. Be applied when new systems are configured and verified as in place before or immediately after a system component is connected to a production environment. 	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
2.2.2 Vendor default accounts are managed as follows: - If the vendor default account(s) will be used, the default password is changed per Requirement 8.3.6. - If the vendor default account(s) will not be used, the account is removed or disabled.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
2.2.3 Primary functions requiring different security levels are managed as follows: Only one primary function exists on a system component, OR Primary functions with differing security levels that exist on the same system component are isolated from each other, OR Primary functions with differing security levels on the same system component are all secured to the level required by the function with the highest security need.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
2.2.4 Only necessary services, protocols, daemons, and functions are enabled, and all unnecessary functionality is removed or disabled.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
2.2.5 If any insecure services, protocols, or daemons are present: Business justification is documented. Additional security features are documented and implemented that reduce the risk of using insecure services, protocols, or daemons.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
2.2.6 System security parameters are configured to prevent misuse.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.

2.2.7 All non-console administrative access is encrypted using strong cryptography.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
2.3 Wireless environments are configured and managed securely.			
 2.3.1 For wireless environments connected to the CDE or transmitting account data, all wireless vendor defaults are changed at installation or are confirmed to be secure, including but not limited to: Default wireless encryption keys. Passwords on wireless access points. SNMP defaults. Any other security-related wireless vendor defaults. 	Not Applicable	Responsible	phoenixNAP does not have a CDE. Customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
2.3.2 For wireless environments connected to the CDE or transmitting account data, wireless encryption keys are changed as follows: - Whenever personnel with knowledge of the key leave the company or the role for which the knowledge was necessary. - Whenever a key is suspected of or known to be compromised.	Not Applicable	Responsible	phoenixNAP does not have a CDE. Customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
3.1 Processes and mechanisms for protecting stored account data are defined and	l understood.		
3.1.1 All security policies and operational procedures that are identified in Requirement 3 are: Documented. Kept up to date. In use. Known to all affected parties.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
3.1.2 Roles and responsibilities for performing activities in Requirement 3 are documented, assigned, and understood.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
3.2 Storage of account data is kept to a minimum.			

 3.2.1 Account data storage is kept to a minimum through implementation of data retention and disposal policies, procedures, and processes that include at least the following: Coverage for all locations of stored account data. Coverage for any sensitive authentication data (SAD) stored prior to completion of authorization. This bullet is a best practice until its effective date; refer to Applicability Notes below for details. Limiting data storage amount and retention time to that which is required for legal or regulatory, and/or business requirements. Specific retention requirements for stored account data that defines length of retention period and includes a documented business justification. Processes for secure deletion or rendering account data unrecoverable when no longer needed per the retention policy. A process for verifying, at least once every three months, that stored account data exceeding the defined retention period has been securely deleted or rendered unrecoverable. 		Responsible	phoenixNAP does not have account data and is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
3.3 Sensitive authentication data (SAD) is not stored after authorization.			
3.3.1 SAD is not retained after authorization, even if encrypted. All sensitive authentication data received is rendered unrecoverable upon completion of the authorization process.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP does not use SAD (credit cards). phoenixNAP is responsible not to pause VM or copy ram swap files; customer is responsible that any instructions sent to phoenixNAP comply with PCI.
3.3.1.1 The full contents of any track are not retained upon completion of the authorization process.	Not Applicable	Responsible	phoenixNAP does not use SAD (credit cards); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
3.3.1.2 The card verification code is not retained upon completion of the authorization process.	Not Applicable	Responsible	phoenixNAP does not use SAD (credit cards); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
3.3.1.3 The personal identification number (PIN) and the PIN block are not retained upon completion of the authorization process.	Not Applicable	Responsible	phoenixNAP does not use SAD (credit cards); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
3.3.2 SAD that is stored electronically prior to completion of authorization is encrypted using strong cryptography.	Not Applicable	Responsible	phoenixNAP does not use SAD (credit cards); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
3.3.3 Additional requirement for issuers and companies that support issuing services and store sensitive authentication data: Any storage of sensitive authentication data is: - Limited to that which is needed for a legitimate issuing business need and is secured. - Encrypted using strong cryptography. This bullet is a best practice until its effective date; refer to Applicability Notes below for details.	Not Applicable	Responsible	phoenixNAP does not use SAD (credit cards); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.

3.4.1 PAN is masked when displayed (the BIN and last four digits are the maximum number of digits to be displayed), such that only personnel with a legitimate business need can see more than the BIN and last four digits of the PAN. 3.4.2 When using remote-access technologies, technical controls prevent copy and/or relocation of defined business need. 3.5.1 PAN is rendered unreadable anywhere it is stored by using any of the following approaches: One-way hashes based on strong cryptography of the entire PAN. If hashed and truncated versions of the same PAN, or different truncation formats of the same PAN, are present in an environment, additional controls are in place such that the different versions cannot be correlated to reconstruct the original PAN. Strong cryptography with associated key- management processes and procedures.	DRG, irks. AN; DRG, irks. AD (credit nsible not to files;
BIN and last four digits of the PAN. 3.4.2 When using remote-access technologies, technical controls prevent copy and/or relocation of PAN for all personnel, except for those with documented, explicit authorization and a legitimate, defined business need. 3.5 Primary account number (PAN) is secured wherever it is stored. 3.5.1 PAN is rendered unreadable anywhere it is stored by using any of the following approaches: One-way hashes based on strong cryptography of the entire PAN. Truncation (hashing cannot be used to replace the truncated segment of PAN). If hashed and truncated versions of the same PAN, or different truncation formats of the same PAN, are present in an environment, additional controls are in place such that the different versions cannot be correlated to reconstruct the original PAN. Index tokens.	DRG, rrks. D (credit nsible not to files;
PAN for all personnel, except for those with documented, explicit authorization and a legitimate, defined business need. 3.5 Primary account number (PAN) is secured wherever it is stored. 3.5.1 PAN is rendered unreadable anywhere it is stored by using any of the following approaches: - One-way hashes based on strong cryptography of the entire PAN. - Truncation (hashing cannot be used to replace the truncated segment of PAN). - If hashed and truncated versions of the same PAN, or different truncation formats of the same PAN, are present in an environment, additional controls are in place such that the different versions cannot be correlated to reconstruct the original PAN. - Index tokens.	DRG, orks. AD (credit nsible not to files;
defined business need. 3.5 Primary account number (PAN) is secured wherever it is stored. 3.5.1 PAN is rendered unreadable anywhere it is stored by using any of the following approaches: One-way hashes based on strong cryptography of the entire PAN. Truncation (hashing cannot be used to replace the truncated segment of PAN). If hashed and truncated versions of the same PAN, or different truncation formats of the same PAN, are present in an environment, additional controls are in place such that the different versions cannot be correlated to reconstruct the original PAN. Index tokens.	nch (credit nsible not to files;
3.5.1 PAN is rendered unreadable anywhere it is stored by using any of the following approaches: One-way hashes based on strong cryptography of the entire PAN. Truncation (hashing cannot be used to replace the truncated segment of PAN). If hashed and truncated versions of the same PAN, or different truncation formats of the same PAN, are present in an environment, additional controls are in place such that the different versions cannot be correlated to reconstruct the original PAN. Index tokens.	AD (credit nsible not to files;
3.5.1 PAN is rendered unreadable anywhere it is stored by using any of the following approaches: One-way hashes based on strong cryptography of the entire PAN. Truncation (hashing cannot be used to replace the truncated segment of PAN). If hashed and truncated versions of the same PAN, or different truncation formats of the same PAN, are present in an environment, additional controls are in place such that the different versions cannot be correlated to reconstruct the original PAN. Index tokens.	nsible not to files;
 One-way hashes based on strong cryptography of the entire PAN. Truncation (hashing cannot be used to replace the truncated segment of PAN). If hashed and truncated versions of the same PAN, or different truncation formats of the same PAN, are present in an environment, additional controls are in place such that the different versions cannot be correlated to reconstruct the original PAN. Index tokens. 	nsible not to files;
- Truncation (hashing cannot be used to replace the truncated segment of PAN) If hashed and truncated versions of the same PAN, or different truncation formats of the same PAN, are present in an environment, additional controls are in place such that the different versions cannot be correlated to reconstruct the original PAN Index tokens.	files;
 If hashed and truncated versions of the same PAN, or different truncation formats of the same PAN, are present in an environment, additional controls are in place such that the different versions cannot be correlated to reconstruct the original PAN. Index tokens. 	=
PAN, are present in an environment, additional controls are in place such that the different versions cannot be correlated to reconstruct the original PAN. - Index tokens. instructions sent to phoenixN with PCI.	
cannot be correlated to reconstruct the original PAN. - Index tokens. with PCI.	•
- Index tokens.	TAP COMPLY
Strong dryptography with associated key management processes and procedures.	
3.5.1.1 Hashes used to render PAN unreadable (per the first bullet of Requirement 3.5.1) are keyed Not Applicable Responsible phoenixNAP does not use PA	N:
cryptographic hashes of the entire PAN, with associated key-management processes and	-
procedures in accordance with Requirements 3.6 and 3.7. backups, own VMs, & network	
3.5.1.2 If disk-level or partition-level encryption (rather than file-, column-, or field-level database Not Applicable Responsible phoenixNAP does not use PA	N;
encryption) is used to render PAN unreadable, it is implemented only as follows:)RG,
- On removable electronic media backups, own VMs, & network	rks.
OR CONTRACTOR CONTRACT	
- If used for non-removable electronic media, PAN is also rendered unreadable via another	
mechanism that meets Requirement 3.5.1.	
3.5.1.3 If disk-level or partition-level encryption is used (rather than file-, column-, or fieldlevel Not Applicable Responsible phoenixNAP does not use SAI	D (credit
database encryption) to render PAN unreadable, it is managed as follows:	isible not to
- Logical access is managed separately and independently of native operating system pause VM or copy ram swap	files;
authentication and access control mechanisms.	any
- Decryption keys are not associated with user accounts. instructions sent to phoenixN	NAP comply
- Authentication factors (passwords, passphrases, or cryptographic keys) that allow access to with PCI.	
unencrypted data are stored securely.	
3.6 Cryptographic keys used to protect stored account data are secured.	
3.6.1 Procedures are defined and implemented to protect cryptographic keys used to protect stored Not Applicable Responsible Not applicable for phoenixNA	۹P, since no
account data against disclosure and misuse that include: cryptographic keys are used f	for any
- Access to keys is restricted to the fewest number of custodians necessary. phoenixNAP services. Custom	
- Key-encrypting keys are at least as strong as the data-encrypting keys they protect. responsible. Please note; if cu	
- Key-encrypting keys are stored separately from data-encrypting keys. uses key-encrypting keys and	
- Keys are stored securely in the fewest possible locations and forms.	e stored
separately.	

3.6.1.1 Additional requirement for service providers only: A documented description of the cryptographic architecture is maintained that includes: Details of all algorithms, protocols, and keys used for the protection of stored account data, including key strength and expiry date. Preventing the use of the same cryptographic keys in production and test environments. This bullet is a best practice until its effective date; refer to Applicability Notes below for details. Description of the key usage for each key. Inventory of any hardware security modules (HSMs), key management systems (KMS), and other secure cryptographic devices (SCDs) used for key management, including type and location of devices, as outlined in Requirement 12.3.4.	Not Applicable	Responsible	Not applicable for phoenixNAP, since no cryptographic architecture is used for any phoenixNAP services. Customer is responsible.
3.6.1.2 Secret and private keys used to encrypt/decrypt stored account data are stored in one (or more) of the following forms at all times: - Encrypted with a key-encrypting key that is at least as strong as the data-encrypting key, and that is stored separately from the data- encrypting key. - Within a secure cryptographic device (SCD), such as a hardware security module (HSM) or PTS-approved point-of-interaction device. - As at least two full-length key components or key shares, in accordance with an industry-accepted method.	Not Applicable	Responsible	Not applicable for phoenixNAP, since no encryption or decryption keys are used for any phoenixNAP services. Customer is responsible.
3.6.1.3 Access to cleartext cryptographic key components is restricted to the fewest number of custodians necessary.	Not Applicable	Responsible	Not applicable for phoenixNAP, since no encryption or decryption keys are used for any phoenixNAP services. Customer is responsible.
3.6.1.4 Cryptographic keys are stored in the fewest possible locations.	Not Applicable	Responsible	Not applicable for phoenixNAP, since no encryption or decryption keys are used for any phoenixNAP services. Customer is responsible.
3.7 Where cryptography is used to protect stored account data, key management			
3.7.1 Key-management policies and procedures are implemented to include generation of strong cryptographic keys used to protect stored account data.	Not Applicable	Responsible	Not applicable for phoenixNAP, since no encryption or decryption keys are used for any phoenixNAP services. Customer is responsible.
3.7.2 Key-management policies and procedures are implemented to include secure distribution of cryptographic keys used to protect stored account data.	Not Applicable	Responsible	Not applicable for phoenixNAP, since no encryption or decryption keys are used for any phoenixNAP services. Customer is responsible.
3.7.3 Key-management policies and procedures are implemented to include secure storage of cryptographic keys used to protect stored account data.	Not Applicable	Responsible	Not applicable for phoenixNAP, since no encryption or decryption keys are used for any phoenixNAP services. Customer is responsible.
 3.7.4 Key management policies and procedures are implemented for cryptographic key changes for keys that have reached the end of their cryptoperiod, as defined by the associated application vendor or key owner, and based on industry best practices and guidelines, including the following: A defined cryptoperiod for each key type in use. A process for key changes at the end of the defined cryptoperiod. 	Not Applicable	Responsible	Not applicable for phoenixNAP, since no encryption or decryption keys are used for any phoenixNAP services. Customer is responsible.

3.7.5 Key management policies procedures are implemented to include the retirement,	Not Applicable	Responsible	Not applicable for phoenixNAP, since no
replacement, or destruction of keys used to protect stored account data, as deemed necessary			encryption or decryption keys are used
when:			for any phoenixNAP services. Customer
- The key has reached the end of its defined cryptoperiod.			is responsible.
- The integrity of the key has been weakened, including when personnel with knowledge of a			
cleartext key component leaves the company, or the role for which the key component was known.			
- The key is suspected of or known to be compromised.			
Retired or replaced keys are not used for encryption operations.			
3.7.6 Where manual cleartext cryptographic key-management operations are performed by	Not Applicable	Responsible	Not applicable for phoenixNAP, since no
personnel, key-management policies and procedures are implemented include managing these			encryption or decryption keys are used
operations using split knowledge and dual control.			for any phoenixNAP services. Customer
			is responsible.
3.7.7 Key management policies and procedures are implemented to include the prevention of	Not Applicable	Responsible	Not applicable for phoenixNAP, since no
unauthorized substitution of cryptographic keys.			encryption or decryption keys are used
			for any phoenixNAP services. Customer
			is responsible.
3.7.8 Key management policies and procedures are implemented to include that cryptographic key	Not Applicable	Responsible	Not applicable for phoenixNAP, since no
custodians formally acknowledge (in writing or electronically) that they understand and accept their			encryption or decryption keys are used
key-custodian responsibilities.			for any phoenixNAP services. Customer
			is responsible.
7.7.9 Additional requirement for service providers only: Where a service provider shares	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	No cryptographic keys are used for any
ryptographic keys with its customers for transmission or storage of account data, guidance on			phoenixNAP services.
secure transmission, storage and updating of such keys is documented and distributed to the service			·
provider's customers.			
1.1 Processes and mechanisms for protecting cardholder data with strong cryptog	graphy during transmis	sion over open, public net	works are defined and
.1.1 All security policies and operational procedures that are identified in Requirement 4 are:	Not Applicable	Responsible	phoenixNAP does not have a CDE.
- Documented.			Customer is responsible for ORG,
- Kept up to date.			backups, own VMs, & networks.
- In use.			
In use. Known to all affected parties.			
- Known to all affected parties.	Not Applicable	Responsible	phoenixNAP does not have a CDE.
- Known to all affected parties. 3.1.2 Roles and responsibilities for performing activities in Requirement 4 are documented,	Not Applicable	Responsible	phoenixNAP does not have a CDE. Customer is responsible for ORG,
 Known to all affected parties. 4.1.2 Roles and responsibilities for performing activities in Requirement 4 are documented, 	Not Applicable	Responsible	l'
- Known to all affected parties. 4.1.2 Roles and responsibilities for performing activities in Requirement 4 are documented, assigned, and understood.	Not Applicable	Responsible	Customer is responsible for ORG,
- Known to all affected parties. 4.1.2 Roles and responsibilities for performing activities in Requirement 4 are documented, assigned, and understood. 4.2 PAN is protected with strong cryptography during transmission.	Not Applicable Not Applicable	Responsible Responsible	Customer is responsible for ORG,
1.1.2 Roles and responsibilities for performing activities in Requirement 4 are documented, assigned, and understood. 1.2 PAN is protected with strong cryptography during transmission. 1.2.1 Strong cryptography and security protocols are implemented as follows to safeguard PAN		·	Customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
1.1.2 Roles and responsibilities for performing activities in Requirement 4 are documented, assigned, and understood. 1.2 PAN is protected with strong cryptography during transmission. 1.2.1 Strong cryptography and security protocols are implemented as follows to safeguard PAN			Customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks. phoenixNAP does not use PAN;
4.1.2 Roles and responsibilities for performing activities in Requirement 4 are documented, assigned, and understood. 4.2 PAN is protected with strong cryptography during transmission. 4.2.1 Strong cryptography and security protocols are implemented as follows to safeguard PAN during transmission over open, public networks: - Only trusted keys and certificates are accepted.	Not Applicable		Customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks. phoenixNAP does not use PAN; customer is responsible for ORG,
4.1.2 Roles and responsibilities for performing activities in Requirement 4 are documented, assigned, and understood. 4.2 PAN is protected with strong cryptography during transmission. 4.2.1 Strong cryptography and security protocols are implemented as follows to safeguard PAN during transmission over open, public networks: Only trusted keys and certificates are accepted. Certificates used to safeguard PAN during transmission over open, public networks are confirmed	Not Applicable		Customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks. phoenixNAP does not use PAN; customer is responsible for ORG,
4.1.2 Roles and responsibilities for performing activities in Requirement 4 are documented, assigned, and understood. 4.2 PAN is protected with strong cryptography during transmission. 4.2.1 Strong cryptography and security protocols are implemented as follows to safeguard PAN during transmission over open, public networks: Only trusted keys and certificates are accepted. Certificates used to safeguard PAN during transmission over open, public networks are confirmed as valid and are not expired or revoked. This bullet is a best practice until its effective date; refer to	Not Applicable		Customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks. phoenixNAP does not use PAN; customer is responsible for ORG,
4.1.2 Roles and responsibilities for performing activities in Requirement 4 are documented, assigned, and understood. 4.2 PAN is protected with strong cryptography during transmission. 4.2.1 Strong cryptography and security protocols are implemented as follows to safeguard PAN during transmission over open, public networks: Only trusted keys and certificates are accepted. Certificates used to safeguard PAN during transmission over open, public networks are confirmed as valid and are not expired or revoked. This bullet is a best practice until its effective date; refer to applicability notes below for details.	Not Applicable		Customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks. phoenixNAP does not use PAN; customer is responsible for ORG,
4.1.2 Roles and responsibilities for performing activities in Requirement 4 are documented, assigned, and understood. 4.2 PAN is protected with strong cryptography during transmission. 4.2.1 Strong cryptography and security protocols are implemented as follows to safeguard PAN during transmission over open, public networks: Only trusted keys and certificates are accepted. Certificates used to safeguard PAN during transmission over open, public networks are confirmed as valid and are not expired or revoked. This bullet is a best practice until its effective date; refer to applicability notes below for details. The protocol in use supports only secure versions or configurations and does not support fallback	Not Applicable		Customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks. phoenixNAP does not use PAN; customer is responsible for ORG,
- Known to all affected parties. 4.1.2 Roles and responsibilities for performing activities in Requirement 4 are documented, assigned, and understood. 4.2 PAN is protected with strong cryptography during transmission. 4.2.1 Strong cryptography and security protocols are implemented as follows to safeguard PAN during transmission over open, public networks: - Only trusted keys and certificates are accepted. - Certificates used to safeguard PAN during transmission over open, public networks are confirmed as valid and are not expired or revoked. This bullet is a best practice until its effective date; refer to applicability notes below for details. - The protocol in use supports only secure versions or configurations and does not support fallback to, or use of insecure versions, algorithms, key sizes, or implementations.	Not Applicable		Customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks. phoenixNAP does not use PAN; customer is responsible for ORG,
4.2 PAN is protected with strong cryptography during transmission. 4.2 PAN is protected with strong cryptography during transmission. 4.2 PAN is protected with strong cryptography during transmission. 4.2 PAN is protected with strong cryptography during transmission. 4.2 PAN is protected with strong cryptography during transmission. 4.2 PAN is protected with strong cryptography during transmission. 4.2 PAN is protected with strong cryptography during transmission. 4.2 PAN is protected with strong cryptography during transmission. 5. Only trusted keys and certificates are accepted. 6. Certificates used to safeguard PAN during transmission over open, public networks are confirmed as valid and are not expired or revoked. This bullet is a best practice until its effective date; refer to applicability notes below for details. 7. The protocol in use supports only secure versions or configurations and does not support fallback	Not Applicable		Customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks. phoenixNAP does not use PAN; customer is responsible for ORG,

4.2.1.1 An inventory of the entity's trusted keys and certificates used to protect PAN during	Not Applicable	Responsible	phoenixNAP does not use PAN;
transmission is maintained.			customer is responsible for ORG,
			backups, own VMs, & networks.
4.2.1.2 Wireless networks transmitting PAN or connected to the CDE use industry best practices to	Not Applicable	Responsible	phoenixNAP does not use PAN;
implement strong cryptography for authentication and transmission.			customer is responsible for ORG,
			backups, own VMs, & networks.
4.2.2 PAN is secured with strong cryptography whenever it is sent via end-user messaging	Not Applicable	Responsible	phoenixNAP does not use PAN;
technologies.			customer is responsible for ORG,
			backups, own VMs, & networks.
5.1 Processes and mechanisms for protecting all systems and networks from ma	dicious software are defi	ned and understood.	
5.1.1 All security policies and operational procedures that are identified in Requirement 5 are:	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend
- Documented.			(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual
- Kept up to date.			Machine's and applications); customer
- In use.			is responsible for ORG, backups, own
- Known to all affected parties.			VMs, & networks.
·			
5.1.2 Roles and responsibilities for performing activities in Requirement 5 are documented,	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend
assigned, and understood.			(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual
			Machine's and applications); customer
			is responsible for ORG, backups, own
			VMs, & networks.
5.2 Malicious software (malware) is prevented, or detected and addressed.			
5.2.1 An anti-malware solution(s) is deployed on all system components, except for those system	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend
components identified in periodic evaluations per Requirement 5.2.3 that concludes the system			(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual
components are not at risk from malware.			Machine's and applications); customer
			is responsible for ORG, backups, own
			VMs, & networks.
			VIVIS, & HELWOIRS.
5.2.2 The deployed anti-malware solution(s):	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend
- Detects all known types of malware.		пеоропологе	(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual
- Removes, blocks, or contains all known types of malware.			Machine's and applications); customer
nemoves, blocks, or contains an known types of maiware.			is responsible for ORG, backups, own
			VMs, & networks.
			vivis, & Hetworks.
	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend
5.2.3 Any system components that are not at risk for malware are evaluated periodically to include	пезропзівіє	пезропаше	(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual
the following:			Machinals and applications), sustains
the following: - A documented list of all system components not at risk for malware.			Machine's and applications); customer
 the following: A documented list of all system components not at risk for malware. Identification and evaluation of evolving malware threats for those system components. 			is responsible for ORG, backups, own
 Identification and evaluation of evolving malware threats for those system components. Confirmation whether such system components continue to not require anti-malware 			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
the following: - A documented list of all system components not at risk for malware. - Identification and evaluation of evolving malware threats for those system components.			is responsible for ORG, backups, own

5.2.3.1 The frequency of periodic evaluations of system components identified as not at risk for malware is defined in the entity's targeted risk analysis, which is performed according to all elements specified in Requirement 12.3.1.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
5.3 Anti-malware mechanisms and processes are active, maintained, and monito	red.		
5.3.1 The anti-malware solution(s) is kept current via automatic updates.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
5.3.2 The anti-malware solution(s): - Performs periodic scans and active or real-time scans. OR - Performs continuous behavioral analysis of systems or processes.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
5.3.2.1 If periodic malware scans are performed to meet Requirement 5.3.2, the frequency of scans is defined in the entity's targeted risk analysis, which is performed according to all elements specified in Requirement 12.3.1.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
5.3.3 For removable electronic media, the anti- malware solution(s): - Performs automatic scans of when the media is inserted, connected, or logically mounted, OR - Performs continuous behavioral analysis of systems or processes when the media is inserted, connected, or logically mounted.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
5.3.4 Audit logs for the anti-malware solution(s) are enabled and retained in accordance with Requirement 10.5.1.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
5.3.5 Anti-malware mechanisms cannot be disabled or altered by users, unless specifically documented, and authorized by management on a case-by-case basis for a limited time period.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
4 Anti-phishing mechanisms protect users against phishing attacks.			vivis, & networks.

5.4.1 Processes and automated mechanisms are in place to detect and protect personnel against phishing attacks.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
6.1 Processes and mechanisms for developing and maintaining secure systems ar	nd software are defined a	nd understood.	
 6.1.1 All security policies and operational procedures that are identified in Requirement 6 are: Documented. Kept up to date. In use. Known to all affected parties. 	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
6.1.2 Roles and responsibilities for performing activities in Requirement 6 are documented, assigned, and understood.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
6.2 Bespoke and custom software are developed securely.			
6.2.1 Bespoke and custom software are developed securely, as follows: - Based on industry standards and/or best practices for secure development. - In accordance with PCI DSS (for example, secure authentication and logging). - Incorporating consideration of information security issues during each stage of the software development lifecycle.	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not applicable for phoenixNAP or customer, service is not designed to be customized.
6.2.2 Software development personnel working on bespoke and custom software are trained at least once every 12 months as follows: On software security relevant to their job function and development languages. Including secure software design and secure coding techniques. Including, if security testing tools are used, how to use the tools for detecting vulnerabilities in software.	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not applicable for phoenixNAP or customer, service is not designed to be customized.
 6.2.3 Bespoke and custom software is reviewed prior to being released into production or to customers, to identify and correct potential coding vulnerabilities, as follows: Code reviews ensure code is developed according to secure coding guidelines. Code reviews look for both existing and emerging software vulnerabilities. Appropriate corrections are implemented prior to release. 	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not applicable for phoenixNAP or customer, service is not designed to be customized.
6.2.3.1 If manual code reviews are performed for bespoke and custom software prior to release to production, code changes are: - Reviewed by individuals other than the originating code author, and who are knowledgeable about code-review techniques and secure coding practices. - Reviewed and approved by management prior to release.	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not applicable for phoenixNAP or customer, service is not designed to be customized.

6.2.4 Software engineering techniques or other methods are defined and in use by software	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not applicable for phoenixNAP or
development personnel to prevent or mitigate common software attacks and related vulnerabilities			customer, service is not designed to be
in bespoke and custom software, including but not limited to the following:			customized.
- Injection attacks, including SQL, LDAP, XPath, or other command, parameter, object, fault, or			
injection-type flaws.			
- Attacks on data and data structures, including attempts to manipulate buffers, pointers, input			
data, or shared data.			
- Attacks on cryptography usage, including attempts to exploit weak, insecure, or inappropriate			
cryptographic implementations, algorithms, cipher suites, or modes of operation.			
- Attacks on business logic, including attempts to abuse or bypass application features and			
functionalities through the manipulation of APIs, communication protocols and channels, client-			
side functionality, or other system/application functions and resources. This includes cross-site			
scripting (XSS) and cross-site request forgery (CSRF).			
- Attacks on access control mechanisms, including attempts to bypass or abuse identification,			
authentication, or authorization mechanisms, or attempts to exploit weaknesses in the			
implementation of such mechanisms.			
- Attacks via any "high-risk" vulnerabilities identified in the vulnerability identification process, as			
defined in Requirement 6.3.1.			
6.3 Security vulnerabilities are identified and addressed.			
6.3.1 Security vulnerabilities are identified and managed as follows:	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend
- New security vulnerabilities are identified using industry-recognized sources for security			(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual
vulnerability information, including alerts from international and national computer emergency			Machine's and applications); customer
response teams (CERTs).			is responsible for ORG, backups, own
- Vulnerabilities are assigned a risk ranking based on industry best practices and consideration of			VMs, & networks.
potential impact.			
- Risk rankings identify, at a minimum, all vulnerabilities considered to be a high-risk or critical to			
the environment.			
- Vulnerabilities for bespoke and custom, and third-party software (for example operating systems			
and databases) are covered.			
6.3.2 An inventory of bespoke and custom software, and third-party software components	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend
incorporated into bespoke and custom software is maintained to facilitate vulnerability and patch			(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual
management.			Machine's and applications); customer
			is responsible for ORG, backups, own
			VMs, & networks.
			phoenixNAP is responsible for backend
6.3.3 All system components are protected from known vulnerabilities by installing applicable	Responsible	Responsible	1.
security patches/updates as follows:	Responsible	Responsible	(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual
1	Responsible	Responsible	1.
security patches/updates as follows:	Responsible	Responsible	(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual
security patches/updates as follows: - Critical or high-security patches/updates (identified according to the risk ranking process at	Responsible	Responsible	(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer
security patches/updates as follows: - Critical or high-security patches/updates (identified according to the risk ranking process at Requirement 6.3.1) are installed within one month of release.	Responsible	Responsible	(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own
security patches/updates as follows: - Critical or high-security patches/updates (identified according to the risk ranking process at Requirement 6.3.1) are installed within one month of release. - All other applicable security patches/updates are installed within an appropriate time frame as	Responsible	Responsible	(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own

6.4.1 For public-facing web applications, new threats and vulnerabilities are addressed on an	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend
ongoing basis and these applications are protected against known attacks as follows:			(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual
- Reviewing public-facing web applications via manual or automated application vulnerability			Machine's and applications); customer
security assessment tools or methods as follows:			is responsible for ORG, backups, own
 At least once every 12 months and after significant changes. 			VMs, & networks.
 By an entity that specializes in application security. 			
 Including, at a minimum, all common software attacks in Requirement 6.2.4. 			
 All vulnerabilities are ranked in accordance with requirement 6.3.1. 			
 All vulnerabilities are corrected. 			
 The application is re-evaluated after the corrections 			
OR			
- Installing an automated technical solution(s) that continually detects and prevents web-based			
attacks as follows:			
 Installed in front of public-facing web applications to detect and prevent web- based attacks. 			
 Actively running and up to date as applicable. 			
 Generating audit logs. 			
 Configured to either block web-based attacks or generate an alert that is immediately 			
investigated.			
6.4.2 For public-facing web applications, an automated technical solution is deployed that	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend
continually detects and prevents web-based attacks, with at least the following:			(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual
- Is installed in front of public-facing web applications and is configured to detect and prevent web-			Machine's and applications); customer
based attacks.			is responsible for ORG, backups, own
- Actively running and up to date as applicable.			VMs, & networks.
- Generating audit logs.			
- Configured to either block web-based attacks or generate an alert that is immediately			
investigated.			
6.4.3 All payment page scripts that are loaded and executed in the consumer's browser are	Not Applicable	Responsible	phoenixNAP does not have payment
managed as follows:			pages. Not applicable for phoenixNAP;
- A method is implemented to confirm that each script is authorized.			customer is responsible.
- A method is implemented to assure the integrity of each script.			
- An inventory of all scripts is maintained with written justification as to why each is necessary.			
6.5 Changes to all system components are managed securely.			
6.5.1 Changes to all system components in the production environment are made according to	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend
established procedures that include:			(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual
- Reason for, and description of, the change.			Machine's and applications); customer
- Documentation of security impact.			is responsible for ORG, backups, own
- Documented change approval by authorized parties.			VMs, & networks.
- Testing to verify that the change does not adversely impact system security.			
- For bespoke and custom software changes, all updates are tested for compliance with			
			1
Requirement 6.2.4 before being deployed into production.			
Requirement 6.2.4 before being deployed into production. Procedures to address failures and return to a secure state.			

6.5.2 Upon completion of a significant change, all applicable PCI DSS requirements are confirmed to be in place on all new or changed systems and networks, and documentation is updated as applicable.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
6.5.3 Pre-production environments are separated from production environments and the separation is enforced with access controls.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
6.5.4 Roles and functions are separated between production and pre-production environments to provide accountability such that only reviewed and approved changes are deployed.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
6.5.5 Live PANs are not used in pre-production environments, except where those environments are included in the CDE and protected in accordance with all applicable PCI DSS requirements.	Not Applicable	Responsible	phoenixNAP does not have Live PANs or a CDE. Not applicable for phoenixNAP; customer is responsible.
6.5.6 Test data and test accounts are removed from system components before the system goes into production.	Not Applicable	Responsible	phoenixNAP does not utilize test data or accounts relating to PAN. Not applicable for phoenixNAP; customer is responsible if applicable.
7.1 Processes and mechanisms for restricting access to system components and ca	ardholder data by busir	ness need to know are de	fined and understood
7.1.1 All security policies and operational procedures that are identified in Requirement 7 are: - Documented. - Kept up to date. - In use. - Known to all affected parties.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
7.1.2 Roles and responsibilities for performing activities in Requirement 7 are documented, assigned, and understood.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
7.2 Access to system components and data is appropriately defined and assigned.			
7.2.1 An access control model is defined and includes granting access as follows: - Appropriate access depending on the entity's business and access needs. - Access to system components and data resources that is based on users' job classification and functions. - The least privileges required (for example, user, administrator) to perform a job function.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.

7.2.2 Access is assigned to users, including privileged users, based on:	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend
- Job classification and function.			(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual
- Least privileges necessary to perform job responsibilities.			Machine's and applications); customer
			is responsible for ORG, backups, own
			VMs, & networks.
7.2.3 Required privileges are approved by authorized personnel.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend
			(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual
			Machine's and applications); customer
			is responsible for ORG, backups, own
			VMs, & networks.
7.2.4 All user accounts and related access privileges, including third-party/vendor accounts, are	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend
reviewed as follows:			(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual
- At least once every six months.			Machine's and applications); customer
- To ensure user accounts and access remain appropriate based on job function.			is responsible for ORG, backups, own
- Any inappropriate access is addressed.			VMs, & networks.
- Management acknowledges that access remains appropriate.			Time, a memorial
7.2.5 All application and system accounts and related access privileges are assigned and managed as	s Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend
follows:		·	(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual
- Based on the least privileges necessary for the operability of the system or application.			Machine's and applications); customer
- Access is limited to the systems, applications, or processes that specifically require their use.			is responsible for ORG, backups, own
			VMs, & networks.
	- "	- "'	
7.2.5.1 All access by application and system accounts and related access privileges are reviewed as	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend
follows:			(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual
- Periodically (at the frequency defined in the entity's targeted risk analysis, which is performed			Machine's and applications); customer
according to all elements specified in Requirement 12.3.1).			is responsible for ORG, backups, own
- The application/system access remains appropriate for the function being performed.			VMs, & networks.
- Any inappropriate access is addressed.			
- Management acknowledges that access remains appropriate.			
7.2.6 All user access to query repositories of stored cardholder data is restricted as follows:	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP does not have a CDE.
$\hbox{-} \hbox{Via applications or other programmatic methods, with access and allowed actions based on user}\\$			phoenixNAP is responsible for managing
roles and least privileges.			roles and responsibilities to storage
- Only the responsible administrator(s) can directly access or query repositories of stored CHD.			arrays; customer is responsible for
			remainder.
7.3 Access to system components and data is managed via an access control system.	em(s).		
7.3.1 An access control system(s) is in place that restricts access based on a user's need to know and		Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend
covers all system components.			(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual
			Machine's and applications); customer
			is responsible for ORG, backups, own
			VMs, & networks.

7.3.2 The access control system(s) is configured to enforce permissions assigned to individuals, applications, and systems based on job classification and function.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
7.3.3 The access control system(s) is set to "deny all" by default.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
8.1 Processes and mechanisms for identifying users and authenticating access to s			phoonivAIAD is recognible for heading
8.1.1 All security policies and operational procedures that are identified in Requirement 8 are: - Documented. - Kept up to date. - In use. - Known to all affected parties.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
8.1.2 Roles and responsibilities for performing activities in Requirement 8 are documented, assigned, and understood.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
8.2 User identification and related accounts for users and administrators are strice	ctly managed throughou	t an account's lifecycle.	
8.2.1 All users are assigned a unique ID before access to system components or cardholder data is allowed.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
 8.2.2 Group, shared, or generic accounts, or other shared authentication credentials are only used when necessary on an exception basis, and are managed as follows: Account use is prevented unless needed for an exceptional circumstance. Use is limited to the time needed for the exceptional circumstance. Business justification for use is documented. Use is explicitly approved by management. Individual user identity is confirmed before access to an account is granted. Every action taken is attributable to an individual user. 	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
8.2.3 Additional requirement for service providers only: Service providers with remote access to customer premises use unique authentication factors for each customer premises.	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	phoenixNAP does not have remote access to customer premises.

8.2.4 Addition, deletion, and modification of user IDs, authentication factors, and other identifier	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend
objects are managed as follows:			(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual
- Authorized with the appropriate approval.			Machine's and applications); customer
- Implemented with only the privileges specified on the documented approval.			is responsible for ORG, backups, own
			VMs, & networks.
8.2.5 Access for terminated users is immediately revoked.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend
			(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual
			Machine's and applications); customer
			is responsible for ORG, backups, own
			VMs, & networks.
8.2.6 Inactive user accounts are removed or disabled within 90 days of inactivity.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend
			(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual
			Machine's and applications); customer
			is responsible for ORG, backups, own
			VMs, & networks.
8.2.7 Accounts used by third parties to access, support, or maintain system components via remote	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend
access are managed as follows:			(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual
Enabled only during the time period needed and disabled when not in use.			Machine's and applications); customer
- Use is monitored for unexpected activity.			is responsible for ORG, backups, own
γ,			VMs, & networks.
			·
8.2.8 If a user session has been idle for more than 15 minutes, the user is required to re-	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend
authenticate to re-activate the terminal or session.			(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual
			Machine's and applications); customer
			is responsible for ORG, backups, own
			VMs, & networks.
8.3 Strong authentication for users and administrators is established and manag	ted.		
8.3.1 All user access to system components for users and administrators is authenticated via at least		Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend
one of the following authentication factors:			(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual
- Something you know, such as a password or passphrase.			Machine's and applications); customer
- Something you have, such as a token device or smart card.			is responsible for ORG, backups, own
- Something you are, such as a biometric element.			VMs, & networks.
8.3.2 Strong cryptography is used to render all authentication factors unreadable during	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend
transmission and storage on all system components.			(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual
			Machine's and applications); customer
			is responsible for ORG, backups, own
			VMs, & networks.

8.3.3 User identity is verified before modifying any authentication factor.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
 8.3.4 Invalid authentication attempts are limited by: Locking out the user ID after not more than 10 attempts. Setting the lockout duration to a minimum of 30 minutes or until the user's identity is confirmed. 	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
8.3.5 If passwords/passphrases are used as authentication factors to meet Requirement 8.3.1, they are set and reset for each user as follows: - Set to a unique value for first-time use and upon reset. - Forced to be changed immediately after the first use.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
8.3.6 If passwords/passphrases are used as authentication factors to meet Requirement 8.3.1, they meet the following minimum level of complexity: - A minimum length of 12 characters (or IF the system does not support 12 characters, a minimum length of eight characters). - Contain both numeric and alphabetic characters.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
8.3.7 Individuals are not allowed to submit a new password/passphrase that is the same as any of the last four passwords/passphrases used.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
8.3.8 Authentication policies and procedures are documented and communicated to all users including: - Guidance on selecting strong authentication factors. - Guidance for how users should protect their authentication factors. - Instructions not to reuse previously used passwords/passphrases. - Instructions to change passwords/passphrases if there is any suspicion or knowledge that the password/passphrases have been compromised and how to report the incident.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
8.3.9 If passwords/passphrases are used as the only authentication factor for user access (i.e., in any single-factor authentication implementation) then either: - Passwords/passphrases are changed at least once every 90 days, OR - The security posture of accounts is dynamically analyzed, and real-time access to resources is automatically determined accordingly.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.

8.3.10 Additional requirement for service providers only: If passwords/passphrases are used as the only authentication factor for customer user access to cardholder data (i.e., in any single-factor authentication implementation), then guidance is provided to customer users including: - Guidance for customers to change their user passwords/passphrases periodically. - Guidance as to when, and under what circumstances, passwords/passphrases are to be changed.		Not Applicable	phoenixNAP does not have access to customer cardholder data environments.
8.3.10.1 Additional requirement for service providers only: If passwords/passphrases are used as the only authentication factor for customer user access (i.e., in any single-factor authentication implementation) then either: - Passwords/passphrases are changed at least once every 90 days, OR - The security posture of accounts is dynamically analyzed, and real-time access to resources is automatically determined accordingly.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP offers SAML integration and customer is responsible for setting up SAML integration to meet this requirement.
8.3.11 Where authentication factors such as physical or logical security tokens, smart cards, or certificates are used: - Factors are assigned to an individual user and not shared among multiple users. - Physical and/or logical controls ensure only the intended user can use that factor to gain access.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
8.4 Multi-factor authentication (MFA) is implemented to secure access into the	CDE.		
8.4.1 MFA is implemented for all non-console access into the CDE for personnel with administrative access.	Not Applicable	Responsible	phoenixNAP does not have a CDE. Customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
8.4.2 MFA is implemented for all access into the CDE.	Not Applicable	Responsible	phoenixNAP does not have a CDE. Customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
8.4.3 MFA is implemented for all remote network access originating from outside the entity's network that could access or impact the CDE as follows: - All remote access by all personnel, both users and administrators, originating from outside the entity's network. - All remote access by third parties and vendors.	Not Applicable	Responsible	phoenixNAP does not have a CDE. Customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
8.5 Multi-factor authentication (MFA) systems are configured to prevent misus	e.		
 8.5.1 MFA systems are implemented as follows: The MFA system is not susceptible to replay attacks. MFA systems cannot be bypassed by any users, including administrative users unless specifically 	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own

8.6.1 If accounts used by systems or applications can be used for interactive login, they are managed	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend
as follows:			(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual
- Interactive use is prevented unless needed for an exceptional circumstance.			Machine's and applications); customer
- Interactive use is limited to the time needed for the exceptional circumstance.			is responsible for ORG, backups, own
- Business justification for interactive use is documented.			VMs, & networks.
- Interactive use is explicitly approved by management.			
- Individual user identity is confirmed before access to account is granted.			
- Every action taken is attributable to an individual user.			
8.6.2 Passwords/passphrases for any application and system accounts that can be used for	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend
interactive login are not hard coded in scripts, configuration/property files, or bespoke and custom			(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual
source code.			Machine's and applications); customer
Journal Court			is responsible for ORG, backups, own
			VMs, & networks.
			VIVIS, & HELWOIKS.
8.6.3 Passwords/passphrases for any application and system accounts are protected against misuse	Posnonsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend
8.6.3 Passwords/passphrases for any application and system accounts are protected against misuse as follows:	Responsible	responsible	i i
			(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual
- Passwords/passphrases are changed periodically (at the frequency defined in the entity's			Machine's and applications); customer
targeted risk analysis, which is performed according to all elements specified in Requirement 12.3.1)			is responsible for ORG, backups, own
and upon suspicion or confirmation of compromise.			VMs, & networks.
- Passwords/passphrases are constructed with sufficient complexity appropriate for how			
frequently the entity changes the passwords/passphrases.			
9.1 Processes and mechanisms for restricting physical access to cardholder data	are defined and understo	od.	
9.1.1 All security policies and operational procedures that are identified in Requirement 9 are:	Shared Responsibility	Shared Responsibility	phoenixNAP is responsible for the
- Documented.			physical security of the phoenixNAP
- Kept up to date.			data center only. Customers are
- In use.			responsible for designating personnel
- Known to all affected parties.			and the security within their rented
·			space.
9.1.2 Roles and responsibilities for performing activities in Requirement 9 are documented,	Shared Responsibility	Shared Responsibility	phoenixNAP is responsible for the
assigned, and understood.			physical security of the phoenixNAP
			data center only. Customers are
			responsible for designating personnel
			and the security within their rented
			space.
0.2 Dhysical access controls money out of a cilities and	andhaldan data		space.
9.2 Physical access controls manage entry into facilities and systems containing c		Documentible	nhaaniyNAD daga nat bayra a CDE
9.2.1 Appropriate facility entry controls are in place to restrict physical access to systems in the CDE.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP does not have a CDE.
			phoenixNAP is responsible for the
			physical security of the data center,
			where virtual environments may live.
			Customers are responsible for the
			physical security and data protection of
			their own environments.

9.2.1.1 Individual physical access to sensitive areas within the CDE is monitored with either video cameras or physical access control mechanisms (or both) as follows: - Entry and exit points to/from sensitive areas within the CDE are monitored. - Monitoring devices or mechanisms are protected from tampering or disabling. - Collected data is reviewed and correlated with other entries. - Collected data is stored for at least three months, unless otherwise restricted by law.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP does not have a CDE. phoenixNAP is responsible for the physical security of the data center, where virtual environments may live. Customers are responsible for the physical security and data protection of their own environments.
9.2.2 Physical and/or logical controls are implemented to restrict use of publicly accessible network jacks within the facility.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP physically restricts the use of publicly available network jacks within the phoenixNAP data center facility. Customers are responsible for the physical security and data protection of their own environments.
9.2.3 Physical access to wireless access points, gateways, networking/communications hardware, and telecommunication lines within the facility is restricted.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP restricts physical access to wireless access points, gateways, networking/communications hardware, and telecommunication lines within the phoenixNAP data center facility. Customers are responsible for the physical security and data protection of their own environments.
9.2.4 Access to consoles in sensitive areas is restricted via locking when not in use. 9.3 Physical access for personnel and visitors is authorized and managed.	Not Applicable	Responsible	phoenixNAP has no publicly available consoles in sensitive areas. All consoles in the datacenter are within customer cages. Customers are responsible for the physical security and data protection of their own environments.

 9.3.1 Procedures are implemented for authorizing and managing physical access of personnel to the CDE, including: Identifying personnel. Managing changes to an individual's physical access requirements. Revoking or terminating personnel identification. Limiting access to the identification process or system to authorized personnel. 	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP does not have a CDE. phoenixNAP is responsible for the physical security of the data center, where virtual environments may live. Customers are responsible for the physical security and data protection of their own environments.
 9.3.1.1 Physical access to sensitive areas within the CDE for personnel is controlled as follows: Access is authorized and based on individual job function. Access is revoked immediately upon termination. All physical access mechanisms, such as keys, access cards, etc., are returned or disabled upon termination. 	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP does not have a CDE. phoenixNAP is responsible for the physical security of the data center, where virtual environments may live. Customers are responsible for the physical security and data protection of their own environments.
 9.3.2 Procedures are implemented for authorizing and managing visitor access to the CDE, including: Visitors are authorized before entering. Visitors are escorted at all times. Visitors are clearly identified and given a badge or other identification that expires. Visitor badges or other identification visibly distinguishes visitors from personnel. 	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP does not have a CDE. phoenixNAP is responsible for the physical security of the data center, where virtual environments may live. Customers are responsible for the physical security and data protection of their own environments.
9.3.3 Visitor badges or identification are surrendered or deactivated before visitors leave the facility or at the date of expiration.	Shared Responsibility	Shared Responsibility	phoenixNAP is responsible for collecting visitor badges and returning identification to visitors relating to any physical space they may have. Customers are responsible for designating personnel who may visit and for ensuring access to any rented space.
 9.3.4 A visitor log is used to maintain a physical record of visitor activity within the facility and within sensitive areas, including: The visitor's name and the organization represented. The date and time of the visit. The name of the personnel authorizing physical access. Retaining the log for at least three months, unless otherwise restricted by law. 	Shared Responsibility	Shared Responsibility	phoenixNAP is responsible for maintaining a visitor log for the phoenixNAP data center only. Customers are responsible for designating personnel who may visit and maintaining record of visitors for any rented space.

9.4 Media with cardholder data is securely stored, accessed, distributed, and des			
9.4.1 All media with cardholder data is physically secured.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP does not have a cardholder data. phoenixNAP is responsible for the physical security of the data center. Customer is responsible for physically securing their own media with cardholder data.
9.4.1.1 Offline media backups with cardholder data are stored in a secure location.	Not Applicable	Responsible	phoenixNAP does not have a cardholder data. Customer is responsible.
9.4.1.2 The security of the offline media backup location(s) with cardholder data is reviewed at least once every 12 months.	Not Applicable	Responsible	phoenixNAP does not have a cardholder data. Customer is responsible.
9.4.2 All media with cardholder data is classified in accordance with the sensitivity of the data.	Not Applicable	Responsible	phoenixNAP does not have a cardholder data. Customer is responsible.
 9.4.3 Media with cardholder data sent outside the facility is secured as follows: Media sent outside the facility is logged. Media is sent by secured courier or other delivery method that can be accurately tracked. Offsite tracking logs include details about media location. 	Not Applicable	Responsible	phoenixNAP does not have a cardholder data. Customer is responsible.
9.4.4 Management approves all media with cardholder data that is moved outside the facility (including when media is distributed to individuals).	Not Applicable	Responsible	phoenixNAP does not have a cardholder data. Customer is responsible.
9.4.5 Inventory logs of all electronic media with cardholder data are maintained.	Not Applicable	Responsible	phoenixNAP does not have a cardholder data. Customer is responsible.
9.4.5.1 Inventories of electronic media with cardholder data are conducted at least once every 12 months.	Not Applicable	Responsible	phoenixNAP does not have a cardholder data. Customer is responsible.
 9.4.6 Hard-copy materials with cardholder data are destroyed when no longer needed for business or legal reasons, as follows: Materials are cross-cut shredded, incinerated, or pulped so that cardholder data cannot be reconstructed. Materials are stored in secure storage containers prior to destruction. 	Not Applicable	Responsible	phoenixNAP does not have a cardholder data. Customer is responsible.
9.4.7 Electronic media with cardholder data is destroyed when no longer needed for business or legal reasons via one of the following: - The electronic media is destroyed. - The cardholder data is rendered unrecoverable so that it cannot be reconstructed.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP utilizes a PCI compliant device destruction service for all electronic media, including storage arrays. Customer is responsible for any media they possess or provided by phoenixNAP.

9.5.1 POI devices that capture payment card data via direct physical interaction with the payment card form factor are protected from tampering and unauthorized substitution, including the following: - Maintaining a list of POI devices. - Periodically inspecting POI devices to look for tampering or unauthorized substitution. - Training personnel to be aware of suspicious behavior and to report tampering or unauthorized substitution of devices.	Not Applicable	Responsible	Not applicable for phoenixNAP. If applicable for customer, customer is responsible.
 9.5.1.1 An up-to-date list of POI devices is maintained, including: Make and model of the device. Location of device. Device serial number or other methods of unique identification. 	Not Applicable	Responsible	Not applicable for phoenixNAP. If applicable for customer, customer is responsible.
9.5.1.2 POI device surfaces are periodically inspected to detect tampering and unauthorized substitution.	Not Applicable	Responsible	Not applicable for phoenixNAP. If applicable for customer, customer is responsible.
9.5.1.2.1 The frequency of periodic POI device inspections and the type of inspections performed is defined in the entity's targeted risk analysis, which is performed according to all elements specified in Requirement 12.3.1.	Not Applicable	Responsible	Not applicable for phoenixNAP. If applicable for customer, customer is responsible.
 9.5.1.3 Training is provided for personnel in POI environments to be aware of attempted tampering or replacement of POI devices, and includes: Verifying the identity of any third-party persons claiming to be repair or maintenance personnel, before granting them access to modify or troubleshoot devices. Procedures to ensure devices are not installed, replaced, or returned without verification. Being aware of suspicious behavior around devices. Reporting suspicious behavior and indications of device tampering or substitution to appropriate personnel. 		Responsible	Not applicable for phoenixNAP. If applicable for customer, customer is responsible.
10.1 Processes and mechanisms for logging and monitoring all access to system c		er data are defined and d	
 10.1.1 All security policies and operational procedures that are identified in Requirement 10 are: Documented. Kept up to date. In use. Known to all affected parties. 	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
10.1.2 Roles and responsibilities for performing activities in Requirement 10 are documented, assigned, and understood.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
10.2 Audit logs are implemented to support the detection of anomalies and suspice	cious activity, and the for	rensic analysis of events.	

10.2.1 Audit logs are enabled and active for all system components and cardholder data.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP does not have a CHD or
			cardholder data and is responsible for
			backend (including setup of
			Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and
			applications); customer is responsible
			for ORG, backups, own VMs, &
			networks.
10.2.1.1 Audit logs capture all individual user access to cardholder data.	Not Applicable	Responsible	phoenixNAP does not have a
			cardholder data environment. Customer
			is responsible.
10.2.1.2 Audit logs capture all actions taken by any individual with administrative access, including	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend
any interactive use of application or system accounts.			(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual
			Machine's and applications); customer
			is responsible for ORG, backups, own
			VMs, & networks.
10.2.1.3 Audit logs capture all access to audit logs.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend
			(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual
			Machine's and applications); customer
			is responsible for ORG, backups, own
			VMs, & networks.
10.2.1.4 Audit logs capture all invalid logical access attempts.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend
			(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual
			Machine's and applications); customer
			is responsible for ORG, backups, own
			VMs, & networks.
10.2.1.5 Audit logs capture all changes to identification and authentication credentials including, but	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend
not limited to:			(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual
- Creation of new accounts.			Machine's and applications); customer
- Elevation of privileges.			is responsible for ORG, backups, own
- All changes, additions, or deletions to accounts with administrative access.			VMs, & networks.
10.2.1.6 Audit logs capture the following:	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend
- All initialization of new audit logs, and			(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual
- All starting, stopping, or pausing of the existing audit logs.			Machine's and applications); customer
			is responsible for ORG, backups, own
			VMs, & networks.
	- "		
10.2.1.7 Audit logs capture all creation and deletion of system-level objects.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend
			(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual
			Machine's and applications); customer
			is responsible for ORG, backups, own
			VMs, & networks.

 10.2.2 Audit logs record the following details for each auditable event: User identification. Type of event. Date and time. Success and failure indication. Origination of event. Identity or name of affected data, system component, resource, or service (for example, name and protocol). 10.3 Audit logs are protected from destruction and unauthorized modifications. 10.3.1 Read access to audit logs files is limited to those with a job-related need. 	Responsible	Responsible Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
			(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
10.3.2 Audit log files are protected to prevent modifications by individuals.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
10.3.3 Audit log files, including those for external- facing technologies, are promptly backed up to a secure, central, internal log server(s) or other media that is difficult to modify.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
10.3.4 File integrity monitoring or change-detection mechanisms is used on audit logs to ensure that existing log data cannot be changed without generating alerts.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
10.4 Audit logs are reviewed to identify anomalies or suspicious activity.			
 10.4.1 The following audit logs are reviewed at least once daily: All security events. Logs of all system components that store, process, or transmit CHD and/or SAD. Logs of all critical system components. Logs of all servers and system components that perform security functions (for example, network security controls, intrusion-detection systems/intrusion-prevention systems (IDS/IPS), authentication servers). 	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP does not is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
10.4.1.1 Automated mechanisms are used to perform audit log reviews.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.

10.4.2 Logs of all other system components (those not specified in Requirement 10.4.1) are reviewed periodically.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
10.4.2.1 The frequency of periodic log reviews for all other system components (not defined in Requirement 10.4.1) is defined in the entity's targeted risk analysis, which is performed according to all elements specified in Requirement 12.3.1	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
10.4.3 Exceptions and anomalies identified during the review process are addressed.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
10.5 Audit log history is retained and available for analysis.			
10.5.1 Retain audit log history for at least 12 months, with at least the most recent three months immediately available for analysis.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
10.6 Time-synchronization mechanisms support consistent time settings across a	ll systems.		
10.6.1 System clocks and time are synchronized using time-synchronization technology.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
10.6.2 Systems are configured to the correct and consistent time as follows: One or more designated time servers are in use. Only the designated central time server(s) receives time from external sources. Time received from external sources is based on International Atomic Time or Coordinated Universal Time (UTC). The designated time server(s) accept time updates only from specific industry-accepted external sources. Where there is more than one designated time server, the time servers peer with one another to keep accurate time. Internal systems receive time information only from designated central time server(s).	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.

10.6.3 Time synchronization settings and data are protected as follows:	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend	
- Access to time data is restricted to only personnel with a business need.			(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual	
- Any changes to time settings on critical systems are logged, monitored, and reviewed.			Machine's and applications); customer	
			is responsible for ORG, backups, own	
			VMs, & networks.	
10.7 Failures of critical security control systems are detected, reported, and resp	anded to promptly			
10.7.1 Additional requirement for service providers only: Failures of critical security control systems		Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend	
are detected, alerted, and addressed promptly, including but not limited to failure of the following	Responsible	Responsible	(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual	
critical security control systems:			Machine's and applications); customer	
· · · ·				
- Network security controls IDS/IPS.			is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.	
			vivis, a lietworks.	
- FIM.				
- Anti-malware solutions.				
- Physical access controls.				
- Logical access controls.				
- Audit logging mechanisms.				
- Segmentation controls (if used).	Despensible	Docnoncible	who onivNAD is recognished for head and	
10.7.2 Failures of critical security control systems are detected, alerted, and addressed promptly,	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend	
including but not limited to failure of the following critical security control systems:			(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual	
- Network security controls.			Machine's and applications); customer	
- IDS/IPS.			is responsible for ORG, backups, own	
- Change-detection mechanisms.			VMs, & networks.	
- Anti-malware solutions.				
- Physical access controls.				
- Logical access controls.				
- Audit logging mechanisms.				
- Segmentation controls (if used).				
- Audit log review mechanisms.				
- Automated security testing tools (if used).				
10.7.3 Failures of any critical security controls systems are responded to promptly, including but not	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend	
limited to:			(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual	
- Restoring security functions.			Machine's and applications); customer	
- Identifying and documenting the duration (date and time from start to end) of the security			is responsible for ORG, backups, own	
failure.			VMs, & networks.	
- Identifying and documenting the cause(s) of failure and documenting required remediation.				
- Identifying and addressing any security issues that arose during the failure.				
- Determining whether further actions are required as a result of the security failure.				
- Implementing controls to prevent the cause of failure from reoccurring.				
- Resuming monitoring of security controls.				
11.1 Processes and mechanisms for regularly testing security of systems and net	works are defined and un	derstood.		
1111 I rocesses and mechanisms for regularly testing security or systems and nervor as the defined and understood.				

11.1.1 All security policies and operational procedures that are identified in Requirement 11 are:	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend
- Documented.			(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual
- Kept up to date.			Machine's and applications); customer
- In use.			is responsible for ORG, backups, own
- Known to all affected parties.			VMs, & networks.
11.1.2 Roles and responsibilities for performing activities in Requirement 11 are documented,	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend
assigned, and understood.			(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual
			Machine's and applications); customer
			is responsible for ORG, backups, own
			VMs, & networks.
11.2 Wireless access points are identified and monitored, and unauthorized wire	eless access points are add	lressed.	
11.2.1 Authorized and unauthorized wireless access points are managed as follows:	Not Responsible	Responsible	The phoenixNAP wireless environment
- The presence of wireless (Wi-Fi) access points is tested for,			is not connected to any customer
- All authorized and unauthorized wireless access points are detected and identified,			environments and phoenixNAP does not
- Testing, detection, and identification occurs at least once every three months.			have a CDE.
- If automated monitoring is used, personnel are notified via generated alerts.			
			Customers who maintain wireless
			access points within their rented space
			are responsible for managing their own
			authorized and unauthorized wireless
			access points.
11.2.2 An inventory of authorized wireless access points is maintained, including a decumented	Not Posponsible	Posnonsible	The phoenixNAP wireless environment
11.2.2 An inventory of authorized wireless access points is maintained, including a documented	Not Responsible	Responsible	· '
business justification.			is not connected to any customer
			environments and phoenixNAP does not have a CDE.
			liave a CDE.
			Customers who maintain wireless
			access points within their rented space
			are responsible for managing their own
			authorized and unauthorized wireless
			access points.
			access points.
11.3 External and internal vulnerabilities are regularly identified, prioritized, an			
11.3.1 Internal vulnerability scans are performed as follows:	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend
- At least once every three months.			(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual
- High-risk and critical vulnerabilities (per the entity's vulnerability risk rankings defined at			Machine's and applications); customer
Requirement 6.3.1) are resolved.			is responsible for ORG, backups, own
- Rescans are performed that confirm all high- risk and critical vulnerabilities (as noted above)			VMs, & networks.
have been received	the state of the s		
have been resolved.			
- Scan tool is kept up to date with latest vulnerability information.			

Responsible		phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
Responsible		phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
Responsible		phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
Responsible		phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
Responsible		phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
	Responsible Responsible Responsible	Responsible Responsible Responsible Responsible Responsible Responsible Responsible Responsible

 11.4.1 A penetration testing methodology is defined, documented, and implemented by the entity, and includes: Industry-accepted penetration testing approaches. Coverage for the entire CDE perimeter and critical systems. Testing from both inside and outside the network. Testing to validate any segmentation and scope- reduction controls. Application-layer penetration testing to identify, at a minimum, the vulnerabilities listed in Requirement 6.2.4. Network-layer penetration tests that encompass all components that support network functions as well as operating systems. Review and consideration of threats and vulnerabilities experienced in the last 12 months. Documented approach to assessing and addressing the risk posed by exploitable vulnerabilities and security weaknesses found during penetration testing. Retention of penetration testing results and remediation activities results for at least 12 months. 	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for phoenixNAP backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, networks, and their own backend.
 11.4.2 Internal penetration testing is performed: Per the entity's defined methodology, At least once every 12 months After any significant infrastructure or application upgrade or change By a qualified internal resource or qualified external third-party Organizational independence of the tester exists (not required to be a QSA or ASV). 	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
11.4.3 External penetration testing is performed: - Per the entity's defined methodology - At least once every 12 months - After any significant infrastructure or application upgrade or change - By a qualified internal resource or qualified external third party - Organizational independence of the tester exists (not required to be a QSA or ASV). (continued on next page)	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
11.4.4 Exploitable vulnerabilities and security weaknesses found during penetration testing are corrected as follows: - In accordance with the entity's assessment of the risk posed by the security issue as defined in Requirement 6.3.1. - Penetration testing is repeated to verify the corrections.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
11.4.5 If segmentation is used to isolate the CDE from other networks, penetration tests are performed on segmentation controls as follows: - At least once every 12 months and after any changes to segmentation controls/methods - Covering all segmentation controls/methods in use. - According to the entity's defined penetration testing methodology. - Confirming that the segmentation controls/methods are operational and effective, and isolate the CDE from all out-of-scope systems. - Confirming effectiveness of any use of isolation to separate systems with differing security levels (see Requirement 2.2.3). - Performed by a qualified internal resource or qualified external third party. - Organizational independence of the tester exists (not required to be a QSA or ASV).	Not Applicable	Responsible	phoenixNAP does not have a CDE. Customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.

11.4.6 Additional requirement for service providers only: If segmentation is used to isolate the CDE from other networks, penetration tests are performed on segmentation controls as follows: - At least once every six months and after any changes to segmentation controls/methods. - Covering all segmentation controls/methods in use. - According to the entity's defined penetration testing methodology. - Confirming that the segmentation controls/methods are operational and effective, and isolate	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for cross- tenant separation at private network scope. Customer is responsible for CDE segmentation.	
the CDE from all out-of-scope systems. - Confirming effectiveness of any use of isolation to separate systems with differing security levels (see Requirement 2.2.3). - Performed by a qualified internal resource or qualified external third party. - Organizational independence of the tester exists (not required to be a QSA or ASV).				
11.4.7 Additional requirement for multi-tenant service providers only: Multi-tenant service providers support their customers for external penetration testing per Requirement 11.4.3 and 11.4.4.	Responsible	Responsible	Customers will not be authorized to conduct penetration tests against the phoenixNAP owned assets or environments. phoenixNAP will provide a redacted penetration test report as evidence to show that penetration testing has been performed according to requirements 11.4.3 and 11.4.4. Customers are responsible for informing phoenixNAP and obtaining approval from phoenixNAP before any external penetration tests are conducted on the customers environment.	
11.5 Network intrusions and unexpected file changes are detected and responded	l to.			
11.5.1 Intrusion-detection and/or intrusion- prevention techniques are used to detect and/or prevent intrusions into the network as follows: - All traffic is monitored at the perimeter of the CDE. - All traffic is monitored at critical points in the CDE. - Personnel are alerted to suspected compromises. - All intrusion-detection and prevention engines, baselines, and signatures are kept up to date.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP does not have a CDE and deploys intrusion-detection to monitor traffic and alert personnel, while keeping up to date.	
11.5.1.1 Additional requirement for service providers only: Intrusion-detection and/or intrusion-prevention techniques detect, alert on/prevent, and address covert malware communication channels.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.	

11.5.2 A change-detection mechanism (for example, file integrity monitoring tools) is deployed as	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend	
follows:			(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual	
- To alert personnel to unauthorized modification (including changes, additions, and deletions) of			Machine's and applications); customer	
critical files.			is responsible for ORG, backups, own	
- To perform critical file comparisons at least once weekly.			VMs, & networks.	
11.6 Unauthorized changes on payment pages are detected and responded to.				
11.6.1 A change- and tamper-detection mechanism is deployed as follows:	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend	
- To alert personnel to unauthorized modification (including indicators of compromise, changes,	Responsible	Responsible	(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual	
additions, and deletions) to the HTTP headers and the contents of payment pages as received by the			Machine's and applications); customer	
consumer browser.			is responsible for ORG, backups, own	
The mechanism is configured to evaluate the received HTTP header and payment page.			VMs, & networks.	
The mechanism functions are performed as follows:			VIVIS, & HELWOIKS.	
·				
At least once every seven days OR				
 Periodically (at the frequency defined in the entity's targeted risk analysis, which is performed 				
according to all elements specified in Requirement 12.3.1).				
according to an elements specified in requirement 12.5.1).				
12.1 A comprehensive information security policy that governs and provides dir	ection for protection of th	ne entity's information as	sets is known and current.	
12.1.1 An overall information security policy is:	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend	
- Established.	nesponsible	responsible	(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual	
- Published.			Machine's and applications); customer	
- Maintained.			is responsible for ORG, backups, own	
 Disseminated to all relevant personnel, as well as to relevant vendors and business partners. 			VMs, & networks.	
- Disseminated to an relevant personner, as wen as to relevant vendors and business partners.			VIVIS, & HELWOIKS.	
12.1.2 The information security policy is:	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend	
- Reviewed at least once every 12 months.			(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual	
- Updated as needed to reflect changes to business objectives or risks to the environment.			Machine's and applications); customer	
			is responsible for ORG, backups, own	
			VMs, & networks.	
12.1.3 The security policy clearly defines information security roles and responsibilities for all	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend	
personnel, and all personnel are aware of and acknowledge their information security			(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual	
responsibilities.			Machine's and applications); customer	
			is responsible for ORG, backups, own	
			VMs, & networks.	
12.1.4 Responsibility for information security is formally assigned to a Chief Information Security	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend	
Officer or other information security knowledgeable member of executive management.	nesponsible	Responsible	(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual	
Officer of other information security knowledgeable member of executive management.			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
			Machine's and applications); customer	
			is responsible for ORG, backups, own	
			VMs, & networks.	
12.2 Acceptable use policies for end-user technologies are defined and implemen	ited.			
12.2 Acceptable use policies for end-user technologies are defined and implemented.				

 12.2.1 Acceptable use policies for end-user technologies are documented and implemented, including: Explicit approval by authorized parties. Acceptable uses of the technology. List of products approved by the company for employee use, including hardware and software. 	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
12.3 Risks to the cardholder data environment are formally identified, evaluated,	and managed.		
 12.3.1 Each PCI DSS requirement that provides flexibility for how frequently it is performed (for example, requirements to be performed periodically) is supported by a targeted risk analysis that is documented and includes: Identification of the assets being protected. Identification of the threat(s) that the requirement is protecting against. Identification of factors that contribute to the likelihood and/or impact of a threat being realized. Resulting analysis that determines, and includes justification for, how frequently the requirement must be performed to minimize the likelihood of the threat being realized. Review of each targeted risk analysis at least once every 12 months to determine whether the results are still valid or if an updated risk analysis is needed. Performance of updated risk analyses when needed, as determined by the annual review. 	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
12.3.2 A targeted risk analysis is performed for each PCI DSS requirement that the entity meets with the customized approach, to include: - Documented evidence detailing each element specified in Appendix D: Customized Approach (including, at a minimum, a controls matrix and risk analysis). - Approval of documented evidence by senior management. - Performance of the targeted analysis of risk at least once every 12 months.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
 12.3.3 Cryptographic cipher suites and protocols in use are documented and reviewed at least once every 12 months, including at least the following: An up-to-date inventory of all cryptographic cipher suites and protocols in use, including purpose and where used. Active monitoring of industry trends regarding continued viability of all cryptographic cipher suites and protocols in use. A documented strategy to respond to anticipated changes in cryptographic vulnerabilities. 	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
12.3.4 Hardware and software technologies in use are reviewed at least once every 12 months, including at least the following: - Analysis that the technologies continue to receive security fixes from vendors promptly. - Analysis that the technologies continue to support (and do not preclude) the entity's PCI DSS compliance. - Documentation of any industry announcements or trends related to a technology, such as when a vendor has announced "end of life" plans for a technology. - Documentation of a plan, approved by senior management, to remediate outdated technologies, including those for which vendors have announced "end of life" plans.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.

12.4.1 Additional requirement for service providers only: Responsibility is established by executive management for the protection of cardholder data and a PCI DSS compliance program to include: - Overall accountability for maintaining PCI DSS compliance. - Defining a charter for a PCI DSS compliance program and communication to executive management.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
12.4.2 Additional requirement for service providers only: Reviews are performed at least once every three months to confirm that personnel are performing their tasks in accordance with all security policies and operational procedures. Reviews are performed by personnel other than those responsible for performing the given task and include, but are not limited to, the following tasks: - Daily log reviews. - Configuration reviews for network security controls. - Applying configuration standards to new systems. - Responding to security alerts. - Change-management processes.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
12.4.2.1 Additional requirement for service providers only: Reviews conducted in accordance with Requirement 12.4.2 are documented to include: - Results of the reviews. - Documented remediation actions taken for any tasks that were found to not be performed at Requirement 12.4.2. - Review and sign-off of results by personnel assigned responsibility for the PCI DSS compliance program.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
12.5 PCI DSS scope is documented and validated. 12.5.1 An inventory of system components that are in scope for PCI DSS, including a description of function/use, is maintained and kept current.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.

	- "	- "	1, ,,,,,,
12.5.2 PCI DSS scope is documented and confirmed by the entity at least once every 12 months and	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend
upon significant change to the in-scope environment. At a minimum, the scoping validation			(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual
includes:			Machine's and applications); customer
- Identifying all data flows for the various payment stages (for example, authorization, capture			is responsible for ORG, backups, own
settlement, chargebacks, and refunds) and acceptance channels (for example, card-present, card-			VMs, & networks.
not-present, and e-commerce).			
- Updating all data-flow diagrams per Requirement 1.2.4.			
- Identifying all locations where account data is stored, processed, and transmitted, including but			
not limited to: 1) any locations outside of the currently defined CDE, 2) applications that process			
CHD, 3) transmissions between systems and networks, and 4) file backups.			
- Identifying all system components in the CDE, connected to the CDE, or that could impact			
security of the CDE.			
- Identifying all segmentation controls in use and the environment(s) from which the CDE is			
segmented, including justification for environments being out of scope.			
- Identifying all connections from third-party entities with access to the CDE.			
- Confirming that all identified data flows, account data, system components, segmentation			
controls, and connections from third parties with access to the CDE are included in scope.			
12.5.2.1 Additional requirement for service providers only: PCI DSS scope is documented and	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend
confirmed by the entity at least once every six months and upon significant change to the in-scope			(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual
environment. At a minimum, the scoping validation includes all the elements specified in			Machine's and applications); customer
Requirement 12.5.2.			is responsible for ORG, backups, own
•			VMs, & networks.
12.5.3 Additional requirement for service providers only: Significant changes to organizational	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend
structure result in a documented (internal) review of the impact to PCI DSS scope and applicability			(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual
of controls, with results communicated to executive management.			Machine's and applications); customer
v			is responsible for ORG, backups, own
			VMs, & networks.
12.6 Security awareness education is an ongoing activity.			
12.6.1 A formal security awareness program is implemented to make all personnel aware of the	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend
entity's information security policy and procedures, and their role in protecting the cardholder data.			(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual
			Machine's and applications); customer
			is responsible for ORG, backups, own
			VMs, & networks.
12.6.2 The security awareness program is:	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend
- Reviewed at least once every 12 months, and			(including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual
- Updated as needed to address any new threats and vulnerabilities that may impact the security			Machine's and applications); customer
of the entity's CDE, or the information provided to personnel about their role in protecting			is responsible for ORG, backups, own
cardholder data.			VMs, & networks.

12.6.3 Personnel receive security awareness training as follows: - Upon hire and at least once every 12 months. - Multiple methods of communication are used. - Personnel acknowledge at least once every 12 months that they have read and understood the information security policy and procedures. 12.6.3.1 Security awareness training includes awareness of threats and vulnerabilities that could impact the security of the CDE, including but not limited to:	Responsible Responsible	Responsible Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks. phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual
 Phishing and related attacks. Social engineering. 			Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
12.6.3.2 Security awareness training includes awareness about the acceptable use of end-user technologies in accordance with Requirement 12.2.1.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
12.7 Personnel are screened to reduce risks from insider threats.			
12.7.1 Potential personnel who will have access to the CDE are screened, within the constraints of local laws, prior to hire to minimize the risk of attacks from internal sources.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP does not have a CDE and screens personnel. Customer is responsible for screening their own personnel.
12.8 Risk to information assets associated with third-party service provider (TPS			
12.8.1 A list of all third-party service providers (TPSPs) with which account data is shared or that could affect the security of account data is maintained, including a description for each of the services provided.	Shared Responsibility	Shared Responsibility	phoenixNAP does not have access to account data. phoenixNAP does maintain a list of TPSPs for other services provided, that are outside the scope of account data.
			Customers must maintain their own list list of TPSPs according to this requirement.
12.8.2 Written agreements with TPSPs are maintained as follows: - Written agreements are maintained with all TPSPs with which account data is shared or that could affect the security of the CDE. - Written agreements include acknowledgments from TPSPs that they are responsible for the security of account data the TPSPs possess or otherwise store, process, or transmit on behalf of the entity, or to the extent that they could impact the security of the entity's CDE.	Shared Responsibility	Shared Responsibility	phoenixNAP does not have a CDE and maintains written agreements with our vendors and third-party service providers. Customers must maintain their own written agreements with their TPSPs.

prior to engagement.	Shared Responsibility	Shared Responsibility	phoenixNAP utilizes a due diligence process prior to onboarding new vendors or TPSPs. Customers must establish their own due diligence process for engaging TPSPs.
12.8.4 A program is implemented to monitor TPSPs' PCI DSS compliance status at least once every 12 months.	Shared Responsibility	Shared Responsibility	phoenixNAP monitors our vendors and TPSPs at least once every 12 months. Customers must monitor their TPSPs in accordance with this requirement.
12.8.5 Information is maintained about which PCI DSS requirements are managed by each TPSP, which are managed by the entity, and any that are shared between the TPSP and the entity.	Shared Responsibility	Shared Responsibility	phoenixNAP maintains responsibility matrices with our TPSPs that are reviewed annually. Customers must maintain information about PCI DSS requirement roles and responsibilities with their TPSPs in order to meet this requirement.
12.9 Third-party service providers (TPSPs) support their customers' PCI DSS con 12.9.1 Additional requirement for service providers only: TPSPs acknowledge in writing to customers that they are responsible for the security of account data the TPSP possesses or otherwise stores, processes, or transmits on behalf of the customer, or to the extent that they could impact the security of the customer's CDE.	Responsible	Not Responsible	phoenixNAP does not possess or directly store, process, or transmit account data on behalf of customers. phoenixNAP is responsible for the physical security of the data center and the backend (please explain what this includes); customer is responsible for
			ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
12.9.2 Additional requirement for service providers only: TPSPs support their customers' requests for information to meet Requirements 12.8.4 and 12.8.5 by providing the following upon customer request: PCI DSS compliance status information for any service the TPSP performs on behalf of customers (Requirement 12.8.4). Information about which PCI DSS requirements are the responsibility of the TPSP and which are the responsibility of the customer, including any shared responsibilities (Requirement 12.8.5).	Responsible	Not Responsible	ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.

12.10.1 An incident response plan exists and is ready to be activated in the event of a suspected or confirmed security incident. The plan includes, but is not limited to: Roles, responsibilities, and communication and contact strategies in the event of a suspected or confirmed security incident, including notification of payment brands and acquirers, at a minimum. Incident response procedures with specific containment and mitigation activities for different types of incidents. Business recovery and continuity procedures. Data backup processes. Analysis of legal requirements for reporting compromises. Coverage and responses of all critical system components. Reference or inclusion of incident response procedures from the payment brands.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
12.10.2 At least once every 12 months, the security incident response plan is: Reviewed and the content is updated as needed. Tested, including all elements listed in Requirement 12.10.1.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
12.10.3 Specific personnel are designated to be available on a 24/7 basis to respond to suspected or confirmed security incidents.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
12.10.4 Personnel responsible for responding to suspected and confirmed security incidents are appropriately and periodically trained on their incident response responsibilities.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
12.10.4.1 The frequency of periodic training for incident response personnel is defined in the entity's targeted risk analysis, which is performed according to all elements specified in Requirement 12.3.1.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
12.10.5 The security incident response plan includes monitoring and responding to alerts from security monitoring systems, including but not limited to: - Intrusion-detection and intrusion-prevention systems. - Network security controls. - Change-detection mechanisms for critical files. - The change-and tamper-detection mechanism for payment pages. This bullet is a best practice until its effective date; refer to Applicability Notes below for details. - Detection of unauthorized wireless access points.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.

12.10.6 The security incident response plan is modified and evolved according to lessons learned and to incorporate industry developments.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
 12.10.7 Incident response procedures are in place, to be initiated upon the detection of stored PAN anywhere it is not expected, and include: Determining what to do if PAN is discovered outside the CDE, including its retrieval, secure deletion, and/or migration into the currently defined CDE, as applicable. Identifying whether sensitive authentication data is stored with PAN. Determining where the account data came from and how it ended up where it was not expected. Remediating data leaks or process gaps that resulted in the account data being where it was not expected. 	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP does not have PAN. phoenixNAP is responsible for assisting customer with incident investigations. Customer is responsible for the incident response process for their ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
Appendix			
A1.1.1 Logical separation is implemented as follows: • The provider cannot access its customers' environments without authorization. • Customers cannot access the provider's environment without authorization.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
A1.1.2 Controls are implemented such that each customer only has permission to access its own cardholder data and CDE.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
A1.1.3 Controls are implemented such that each customer can only access resources allocated to them.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
A1.1.4 The effectiveness of logical separation controls used to separate customer environments is confirmed at least once every six months via penetration testing.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
A1.2.1 Audit log capability is enabled for each customer's environment that is consistent with PCI DSS Requirement 10, including: • Logs are enabled for common third-party applications. • Logs are active by default. • Logs are available for review only by the owning customer. • Log locations are clearly communicated to the owning customer. • Log data and availability is consistent with PCI DSS Requirement 10.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.

A1.2.2 Processes or mechanisms are implemented to support and/or facilitate prompt forensic investigations in the event of a suspected or confirmed security incident for any customer.	Responsible		phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.
A1.2.3 Processes or mechanisms are implemented for reporting and addressing suspected or confirmed security incidents and vulnerabilities, including: • Customers can securely report security incidents and vulnerabilities to the provider. • The provider addresses and remediates suspected or confirmed security incidents and vulnerabilities according to Requirement 6.3.1.	Responsible	Responsible	phoenixNAP is responsible for backend (including setup of Veeam/Zerto Virtual Machine's and applications); customer is responsible for ORG, backups, own VMs, & networks.